

Exploiting Derivative Rules

Every differentiation rule $F'(x) = f(x)$ corresponds to a rule for finding the anti-derivative $F(x)$ of some function f .

- a) Find an anti-derivative rule that is the inverse of the sum rule $(f + g)'(x) = f'(x) + g'(x)$.
- b) Find an anti-derivative rule that is the inverse of the product rule $(f \cdot g)'(x) = f(x)g'(x) + f'(x)g(x)$.

Exploiting Derivative Rules

Every differentiation rule $F'(x) = f(x)$ corresponds to a rule for finding the anti-derivative $F(x)$ of some function f .

- a) Find an anti-derivative rule that is the inverse of the sum rule $(f+g)'(x) = f'(x) + g'(x)$.
- b) Find an anti-derivative rule that is the inverse of the product rule $(f \cdot g)'(x) = f(x)g'(x) + f'(x)g(x)$.

$$a) \quad (f+g)'(x) = f'(x) + g'(x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int (f+g)'(x) dx &= \int (f'(x) + g'(x)) dx \\ &= \int f'(x) dx + \int g'(x) dx \\ &= \int d(f(x)) + \int d(g(x)) \\ &= f(x) + g(x) + C \end{aligned}$$

$$b) \quad (f \cdot g)'(x) = f(x)g'(x) + f'(x)g(x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \int (f \cdot g)'(x) dx &= \int (f(x)g'(x) + f'(x)g(x)) dx \\ &= \int d(f(x)g(x)) \\ &= f(x)g(x) + C \end{aligned}$$